

Tracking Technologies for Agri-Food

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Devastating Losses & Economic Cost



\$6.9 billion in medical costs, lost productivity and premature deaths*

- What's next?
- # How to mitigate the risk?

* USDA ERS report "Foodborne illnesses account for about 1 of every 100 U.S. hospitalizations and 1 of every 500 U.S. deaths"

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Farm to Fork: What should technology do?

latency

- PulseNet "passive"
 FoodNet "proactive"
- Automate
 - # diagnostics/testing
 - locating/tracking
 - # reporting/alerting
 - database updates
 - prognostics

2006 E. coli in spinach

- **Sept 14:** FDA warning bags of fresh spinach
- Sept 17: FDA warning upgraded fresh spinach & fresh-spinach containing products
- Sept 18: 111 people sick, one infant dies
- <u>Sept 20:</u> CDC announces genetic fingerprint, E. coli 0157
- Sept 29: FDA warning downgraded to specific brands of spinach







Agri-food Complex Lifecycle









Technology Overview

Machine-Readable Codes
Barcodes & Sensor-Imbedded Barcodes
Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) tags
Passive, Battery Assisted Passive & Active
Surface Acoustic Wave Tags (SAW)
Real-Time Location Systems (RTLS)



Agri-food Lifecycle Monitoring

New Barcode Technologies



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Machine-Readable Codes

Barcodes – simple, universal & low cost ($\frac{1}{2}$ cent)

| 21000 75896 80 | UPC-A | Numbers only: 11 + check digit | 4 bits/symbol * 11 + 1 = 45 bits | Retail product marking in USA and Canada |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| 9 780978 945619 | EAN-13 | Numbers only: 13 + check digit | 4 bits/symbol * 13 + 1 = 53 bits | Retail products worldwide |
| ABC123 | Code 39, LOGMARS | A-Z, 0-9; Space – . \$ / + %. Extendable | 6 bits/symbol * no. symbols (N) = 64 * N | Widely used. US Military. HIBC pharma |
| | Maxicode | All ASCII characters | 7 bits/symbol * 93 symbols = 11904 bits | Developed by UPS. Includes error correction. |
| | PDF-417 | All ASCII characters. Extendable | 7 bits/symbol * N = 128 * N bits | Widely used. US Military. Driver's licenses |

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Sensor-Imbedded Barcodes

Advantages:

- + measure environmental factors
- # record safe handling
- report product safety
- error-free conveyance to
 - databases
- + and more

Example: Thermochromic Barcode



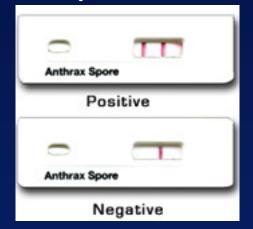
source: www.pop-technology.com



Assay-Imbedded Barcode

Traditional lateral flow assays





Assays Imbedded into Barcode Modules

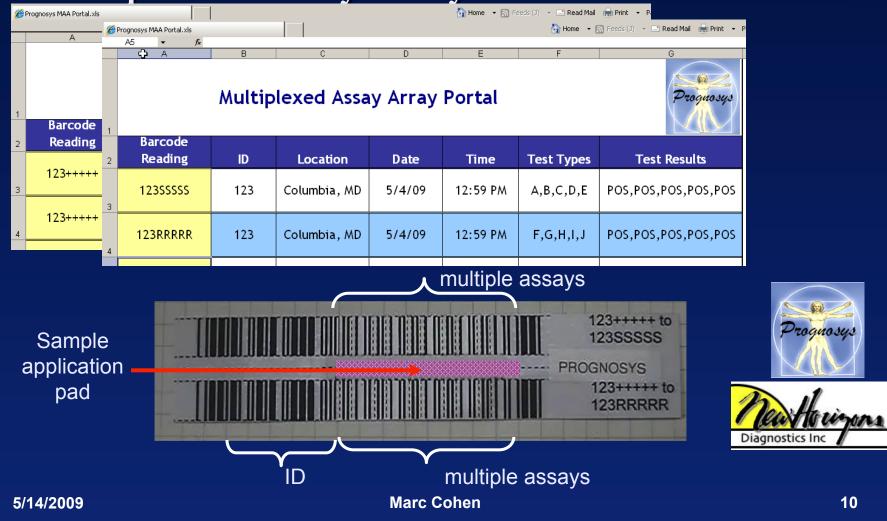


Can be read using a simple barcode reader

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Multiplexed Assay Array Imbedded Barcodes





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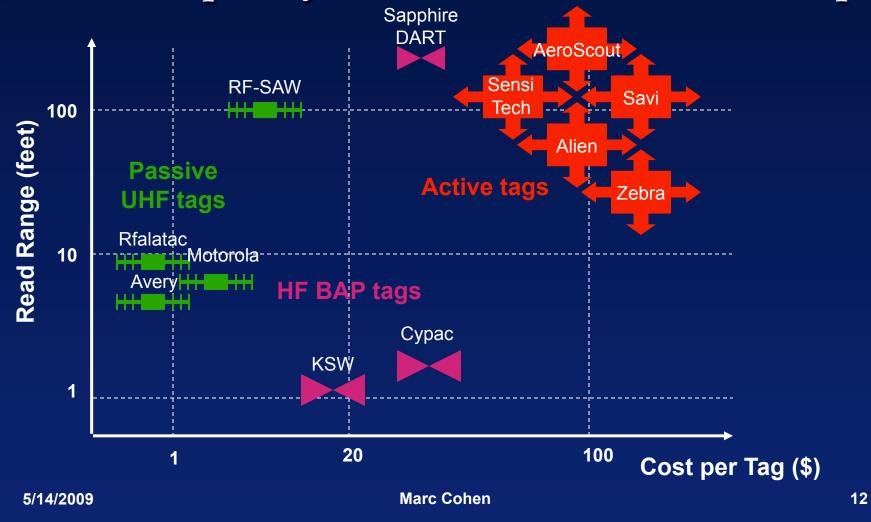
HHE HH Passive RFID



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Radio Frequency Identification: The Landscape





RFID

Injectable LifeChip LF tag



1.2" diameter LF e.Tag by Destron Fearing



Alien "Squiggle" passive tag 4"

1/4"

KSW Microtec HF passive tag

1.4" 3"

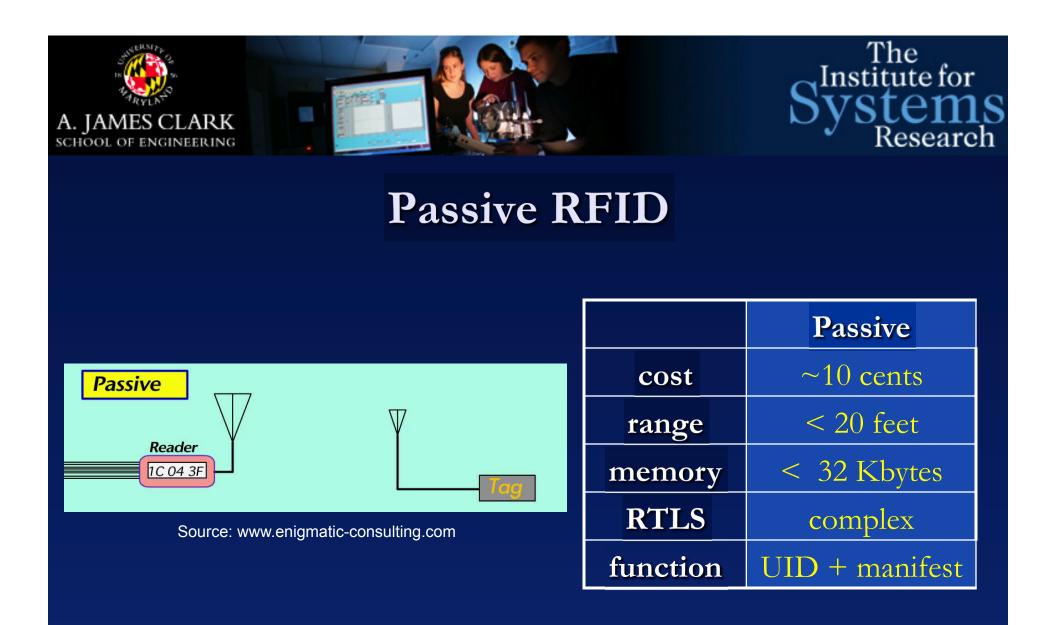
Intelleflex BAP tags



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Savi active tag, LF and UHF











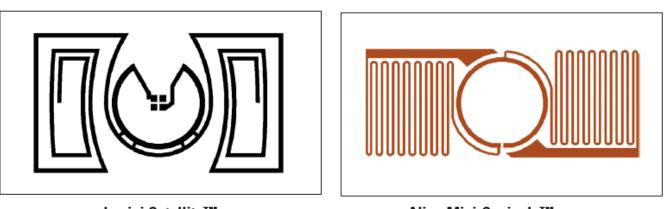
RFID Frequency Bands

Band Frequency, Wavelength and Common Usage

| Band | Unlicensed Frequency | Wavelength | Common Use |
|------|-------------------------|------------|--|
| LF | 125 – 134.2 KHz | 7872 ft | Animal tagging and |
| HF | 13.56 MHz | 72.6 ft | keyless entry |
| UHF | 850-950 MHz | 1 ft | Smart cards, logistics, item management |
| ISM | 2.4 GHz | 0.4 ft | Item management |



Examples of Dual Use Passive UHF Tags



Impinj Satellite™ Alien Mini-Squiggle™ .70 in. x 1.26 in/18mm x 32mm (inlay dimension) .39 in. x 1.06 in./10mm x 27mm (inlay dimension)

Tags with antenna designs that exploit both magnetic and electromagnetic field coupling, enabling both near and far field reads in a single tag







RFID EPC Classes

| EP | EPC Class Definition | | Programming |
|----|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| 0 | | Passive, WORM | manufacturer |
| 1 | | Passive, WORM | consumer |
| 2 | | Passive, WMRM | reprogrammable |
| 3 | | Semi-Passive, WMRM | |
| 4 | | Active, WMRM | |
| 5 | | Readers | |



Ideal Passive RFID Read Range

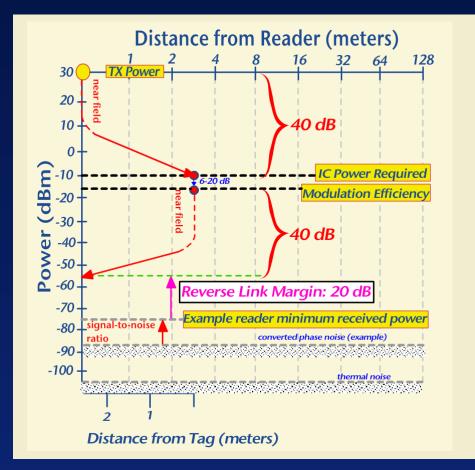
- Pr = 1 watt, Maximum allowable power transmitted by reader
- Gr = 6 dBi, Reader's equivalent isotropic antenna gain
- Gt = 1 dBi, Tag's equivalent isotropic antenna gain
- $\lambda = 0.32$ m, Wavelength for 915 MHz

$$P_{i} = P_{i} \cdot G_{i} \cdot G_{i} \cdot \left(\frac{\lambda}{4\pi d}\right)^{2} = 100 \mu W, \text{ Minimum power received by tag}$$

$$\therefore d_{max} = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi} \sqrt{\frac{P_{i} \cdot G_{i} \cdot G_{i}}{P_{i}}} \approx 5m (16.5 f), \text{ Maximum tag to reader distance}$$



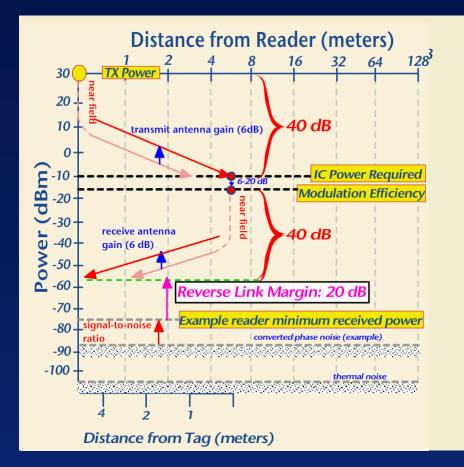
Passive RFID Read-Range



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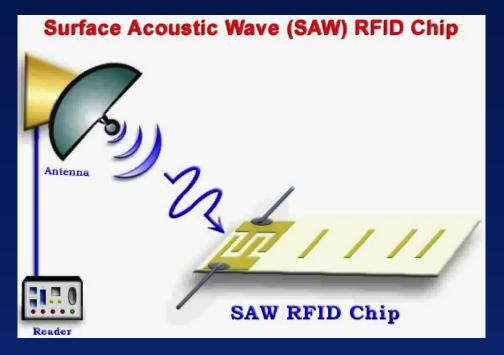
Antenna Effects





Surface Acoustic Wave RFID Tags

totally passive technology (2.4 GHz)



source: www.rfsaw.com



Superior read range (up to 30 meters unobstructed)

Tag location

Temperature measurements

Read-on-Metal/Liquid containers

Gamma Sterilization (>10 M RAD)



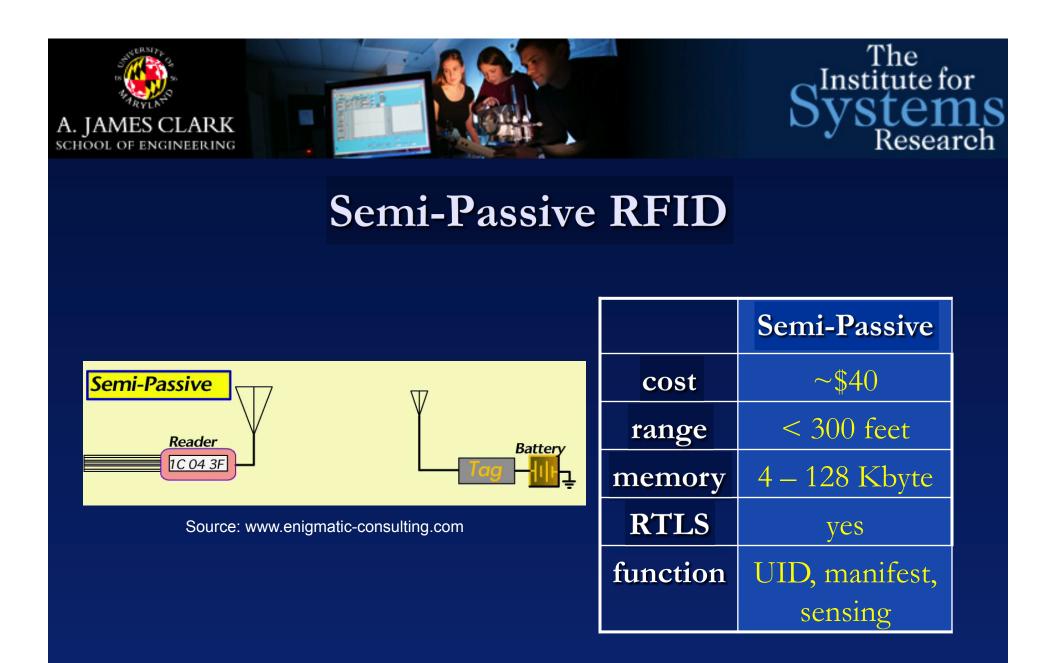
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semi-passive RFID



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Semi-Passive RFID Tags

"On-board" battery (battery-assisted passive BAP)

- ⊕ Boosts read range to ~ 300 ft
- Reads around challenging materials
- + Captures and stores (read/write) sensor readings
- Does not transmit data autonomously
 - Only when "pinged" by reader
- Captures and stores data autonomously
 - User defined pre-programmed time intervals
- # Facilitates Real Time Location





Semi-Passive Time-Temperature Tags



source: www.infratab.com

Specifications

Operating range: -25°C TO +70°C Sensor accuracy: ± 0.5°C: -20°C to +50°C Sensor resolution: 0.1° Shelf life calculation: linear, exponential, other Tag life: 1 day to 3+ years Alerts: shelf life, thresholds, elapsed time History: start to either tag-stop or to "0" shelf life



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→ active RFID

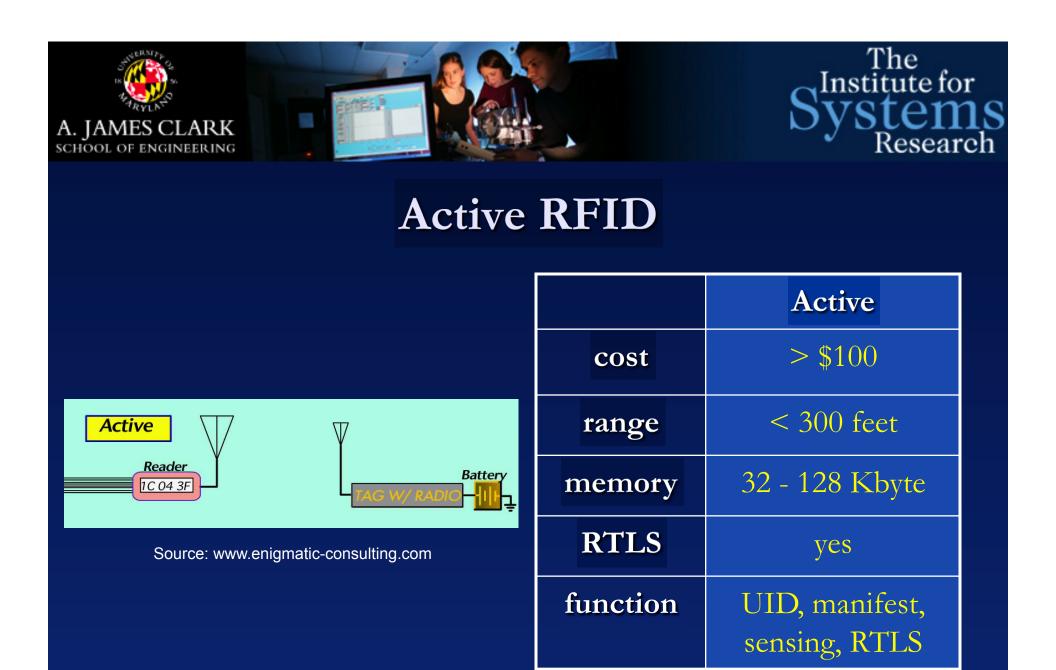






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Active **RFID**

Uses an on-board battery to autonomously:
Transmit ID and data to reader
Collect and store data from sensors
Report & store real-time location data
Boost read distance
Improve readability under difficult conditions
Alert under user-defined conditions



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Real-Time Location







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Real-Time Location Systems

Wireless Mesh Networks (WiFi, Bluetooth, Zigbee)

- Inertial, (Gyros, Accelerometers), Pressure, Signal Strength, Maps
- Active RFID
- # Indoor outdoor local
- Global System for Mobile Comm. (GSM), General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)
 - Cell Phone networks
 - # Outdoor indoor long range
- + GPS, Satcomm, Inmarsat, ...
 - # Outdoor global range

global





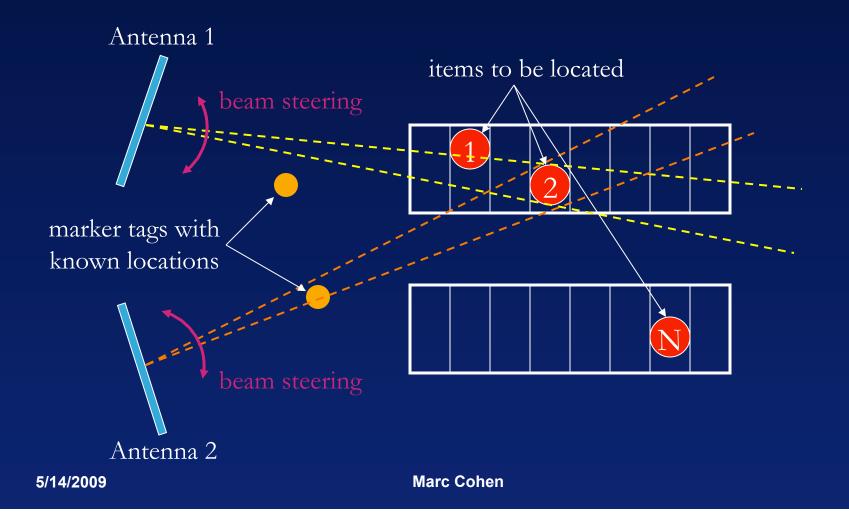


RTLS: Common Methods

- Angle of Arrival (AoA)
- Line-of sight (LoS)
- # Time of Arrival (TOA)
- # Time Difference of Arrival (TDoA)
- # Received Channel Power Indicator (RCPI)
- Received Signal Strength Indication (RSSI)
 Time of Flight (ToF)

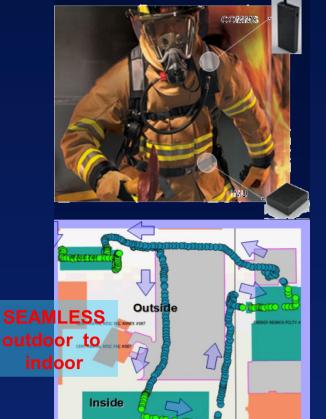


RFID Real-Time Location





TRX: Sentinel Tracking System



- Small sensor and data radio worn by each firefighter
- Monitors status, movement, location, and communicates in real time
- Tracks indoors and outdoors with display on a (networked) laptop
- Requires no pre-installed infrastructure
- Data replay for training purposes
 - Mesh network formed by data radios



Software practical and easy to use Designed with firefighters



Farm to Fork: What can technology do?

In-field diagnostics

- Multiplexed Assay Array
 Imbedded Barcodes
- IT infrastructure

Autonomous monitoring

- Environment/Climate
- Feed/Chemicals
- #Livestock

Tracking and Tracing
Passive, BAP & Active RFID
RTLS inside and outside
Secure Web Portals
Databases

Prognostics